

#### NORTH DAKOTA ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES

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# VALUATION MILL LEVIES PROPERTY TAX

#### **QUESTIONS THAT WILL BE ADDRESSED:**

What is a mill? What is a mill levy?

What is the difference between True & Full, Market, Assessed, and Taxable Value?

How is Taxable Value calculated for a political subdivision?

How are mill levies calculated?

How are mill levies used to calculate tax?

How do property values affect mill levies?



# VALUATION MILL LEVIES PROPERTY TAX



#### What is a mill levy?

A "MILL" is defined as 1/1000 of \$1

MILL LEVY is the "tax rate" applied to the taxable valuation of a property



The amount of tax to be levied and collected is calculated by dividing the dollars needed to fund the budget by the taxable valuation of the political subdivision



Tax \$\$ needed for Budget ÷ Taxable Value = MILL LEVY MILL LEVY X Individual Property Taxable Value = TAX BILL



# PROPERTY VALUES



#### Locally Assessed

- All real property that is subject to property tax.
- Value is set as of February 1 of each year.
- Used as the True & Full Value when calculating property taxes.
- Residential, Commercial, Agricultural



#### **Centrally Assessed**

- Assessed by the State Board of Equalization.
- Includes railroads, pipelines, airlines, and investor-owned public utilities.
- State Tax Department certifies approved values to county auditors.

#### **Rural Electric Cooperatives, Telecommunication Companies**

- Electric Generation, Distribution, and Transmission Taxes assessed differently than other real property.
- Guidelines are set by North Dakota Century Code NDCC 57-33.2.
- Administered by the ND State Tax Department.
- Distributed to counties by the State Treasurer.



### **PROPERTY VALUES - DEFINITIONS**

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What is the difference between True & Full, Market, Assessed, and Taxable Value?

True & Full Value vs Market Value	<ul> <li>True &amp; Full: The amount determined by local assessor to be the correct value to be used for property tax calculations.</li> <li>Market: The price a property would bring if it were offered for sale in the open market.</li> </ul>
Assessed Value	• Assessed: 50% of the True & Full Value
Taxable Value	<ul> <li>Residential Property: 4.5% of T&amp;F Value (9% of Assessed Value) Commercial/Agricultural/Centrally Assessed Property: 5% of T&amp;F Value (10% of Assessed Value)</li> </ul>
Property Classification Types	<ul> <li>Residential: TV 4.5% of T&amp;F Value</li> <li>Commercial: TV 5% of T&amp;F Value</li> <li>Agricultural: TV 5% of T&amp;F Value</li> </ul>



### **PROPERTY VALUES**

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True & Full Value  $\div 2$  = Assessed Value Assessed Value X 9% = Residential Taxable Value Assessed Value X 10% = Commercial & Ag Taxable Value

#### How is Taxable Value calculated for a political subdivision?

Property Class	True & Full Value	50% of True & Full <u>Assessed Value</u>	ABC County <u>Taxable Value</u>	
Residential	\$45,000,000	\$22,500,000	\$2,025,000	4.5% of T&F (9% of Assessed)
Commercial	\$24,000,000	\$12,000,000	\$1,200,000	
Agricultural	\$360,000,000	\$180,000,000	\$18,000,000	5% of T&F (10% of Assessed)
Centrally Assessed	\$ 5,500,000	\$2,750,000	\$275,000	
, Tatala	¢ 424 БОО ООО	¢217.250.000	Total Taxable Value	
lotais	\$434,500,000	\$217,250,000	ې <b>21,500,000</b>	



#### BASICS

- BUDGET: Taxing authorities (school, city, county, park, etc.) approve budgets annually for services residents want or have asked for.
- VALUATION: Buyers and sellers in the market create value. Assessors study the market transactions and establish a property value.
- TAXATION: Approved budgets are divided by the total taxable value and tax rates (mill levies) are set.



ABC COUNTY						
Annual Budge	et for	the Year Ending	December 31,	2020		
DEVENUE			ID			
RE.		GENERAL FOR				
		Actual	Estimated	Estimated		
REVENUES		Revenue	Revenue	Revenue		
		2018	2019	2020		
Taxes:						
General Property Taxes		510,092	600,000	XXX 🖌		
Permits, Licenses and Fees:						
Beer and Liquor Licenses		5,915	5,000	5,000		
Gaming Permits		100	50	50		
Trip Permits		1,632,929	2,000,000	1,500,000		
Overweight Permits		119,763	150,000	150,000		
Total Lic., Permits and Fees		1,758,707	2,155,050	1,655,050		
Intergovernmental Revenue:						
Oil & Gas Production Tax		19,551,279	23,000,000	25,000,000		
Public Domain Royalties		5,421,316	4,000,000	3,000,000		
Total Intergovern. Revenues		24,972,595	27,000,000	28,000,000		
Charges for Services						
Clerk of Court		225,464	294,540	299,540		
Treasurer - MVD service fees		56,371	80,000	85,000		
State's Attorney - Grant		0	65,000	45,000		
Recorder		1,025,485	1,000,000	1,000,000		
Director of Tax Equalization		129,580	14,500	14,500		
Planning & Zoning		1,031,359	780,000	825,000		
Human Resources		37,560	0	0		
GIS	1	0	60,200	385,200		
Elections		0	1,130	0		
Landfill		2,848,852	2,501,000	2,752,500		
Sheriff's Fees and 24/7 Program		166,563	1,236,138	1,647,400		
Jail		204,000	213,900	212,000		
Disaster Emergency Services		17,522	18,000	30,000		
Homeland Security Grants		49,551	6,650	30,000		
Total Charges for Services		5,792,307	6,271,058	7,326,140		

Property Tax estimate is <u>not</u> included on Revenue Budget. Property Tax is calculated later and is based on amount needed to fund the budget.

_	ABC COUNTY	/						
Annual Budget for the Year Ending December 31, 2020								
FXPEN GENERAL FUND								
	Actual	Estimated	Requested	Final				
EXPENDITURES	Expend.	Expend.		Approp.				
General Government	2013	2014	2015	2015				
Governing Board	182,491	208,557	218,247	218,247				
Housing Authority Board	1,884	3,230	3,230	3,230				
Clerk of District Court	289,371	332,765	502,571	417,154				
Auditor	421,369	429,448	465,267	465,267				
Treasurer	268,871	332,662	451,216	400,243				
State's Attorney	276,877	456,750	724,473	724,473				
Recorder	316,211	352,761	391,250	388,591				
Director of Tax Equalization	255,423	472,968	575,870	575,000				
Planning & Zoning	1,071,143	905,504	1,024,574	1,008,218				
Human Resources	119,820	37,106	149,231	149,231				
GIS Department	82,008	162,655	932,958	864,425				
Custodian	206,316	208,234	295,376	269,147				
Courthouse Maintenance	221,593	374,625	571,000	471,000				
Building Fund	1,823,986	18,810,000	22,200,000	22,200,000				
Elections	2,643	51,050	2,500	2,500				
Landfill	3,307,943	7,543,160	3,887,390	3,564,562				
County Tourism Bureau	54,887	57,495	<mark>61,902</mark>	61,902				
Non-Departmental Expense	5,962,907	3,796,800	4,340,300	4,340,300				
Total General Government	14,865,743	34,535,770	36,797,355	36,123,490				

Annual budgets used to estimate revenues and expenditures for the year.



	<u>SCHEDULE C</u>				
ABC (	COUNTY	GENERAL FUND	Other Fund	Other Fund	
APPROPRI	IATION AND CASH RESERVE				
1. a. Fir	nal Appropriation, Line 20	950,000	300,000	750,000	
b. Bu	udgeted Transfers Out, Line 24	50,000	-	-	
c. To	tal Appropriation-Line a plus b	1,000,000	300,000	750,000	_
2. Cash	Reserve (Note 1)	100,000	25,000	50,000	\$1,100,00
3. Total / Line 1	Appropriation and Cash Reserve Ic plus Line 2	1,100,000	325,000	800,000	<u>- 347,50</u> \$ 752 500
ESOURCE	ES AND AMOUNT LEVIED				
4. Cash as of I	and Investments (Estimated) December 31, 2020	122,500	50,000	75,000	
5. a. Es	stimated Revenue, Line 11	225,000	250,000	350,000	
b. Es	stimated Transfers In, Line 23	-	-	50,000	
c. Tot Lir	tal Estimated Revenue and Transfers In ne a plus Line b	225,000	250,000	400,000	
6. Total I	Resources - Line 4 plus Line 5c	347,500	300,000	475,000	
7. Levy F If this	Required - Line 3 less Line 6 difference is less than 0, enter 0	752,500	25,000	325,000	
8. Allowa (Not to	ance for Delinquent Tax Collections o exceed 5% of Line 7)	-	-	-	
			05.000		

Note 1- Not to exceed 75% of appropriations other than for debt retirement and appropriations financed from Bond Sources.

NORTH DAKOTA ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES



#### How is the mill levy calculated?

Dollars needed to fund budget (Appropriation + Cash Reserve)	\$ 1,100,000
Revenue to support budget (not including property taxes)	( 347,500)
Property Taxes needed for General Fund budget	\$ 752,500
Property Taxes needed for General Fund budget	\$ 752,500
Divided by Taxable Valuation	÷ 21,500,000
Mill Rate <mark>(\$752,500 ÷ \$21,500,000)</mark>	.035
Mill Levy = <mark>.035 X 1000</mark>	35 mills



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## EXAMPLE: COUNTY TAX CALCULATION (CONT.)

#### How is the mill levy used to calculate tax?

True & Full Value of House (residential property)	\$ 300,000
Assessed Value = 50% of True & Full Value (\$300,000 X 50%)	\$ 150,000
Taxable Value = 4.5% of T&F Value (9% of Assessed Value)	\$ 13,500
Mill Levy	X 35 mills
<b>TAX DUE</b> = Taxable Value X Mill Levy ÷ 1000 (\$13,500 X 35.00 ÷1000)	\$473





#### How does taxable value affect mill levies?

	Example 1	Example 2	Example 3
Total dollars needed for budget (Expenses & Reserve)	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,100,000
Revenue to support budget (not property taxes)	( <u>347,500)</u>	( <u>347,500)</u>	( <u>347,500)</u>
Property Taxes needed to fund budget	\$ 752,500	\$ 752,500	\$ 752,500
Property Taxes needed to fund budget	\$ 752,500	\$ 752,500	\$ 752,500
Divided by Taxable Valuation	÷ 21,500,000	÷ 18,000,000	÷ 30,000,000
Mill Rate = (\$752,500 ÷ Taxable Value)	.035	.042	.025
Mill Levy = Mill Rate X 1000	35 mills	42 mills	25 mills



### EXAMPLE: COUNTY TAX CALCULATION (CONT.)

#### How do mill levies affect the tax due on property?

	Example 1	Example 2	Example 3
True & Full Value of House (residential property)	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000
Assessed Value = 50% of True & Full Value (\$300,000 X 50%)	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
Taxable Value = 4.5% of T&F Value (9% of Assessed Value) \$300,000 X 4.5%	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500
Mill Levy	<mark>35 mills</mark>	<mark>42 mills</mark>	25 mills
TAX DUE = TV X Mill Levy ÷ 1000	\$473	\$567	\$338



### **PROPERTY TAXES & MILL LEVIES**

Residential I					
Taxable Value					
Political Subdivision	Taxable Value	Mill Levy	Тах	Due	
State Medical Center	13,500	1.00	\$	13	
County General Fund	13,500	35.00	\$	473	
County Road & Bridge	13,500	10.00	\$	135	
County Extension	13,500	4.00	\$	54	County Taxes \$ 723 21 % of bill
County Historical Society	13,500	1.00	\$	14	
County Weed Control	13,500	3.50	\$	47	
City (or Township)	13,500	75.00	\$	1,012	City Taxes \$ 1,417
City Park	13,500	30.00	\$	405	41% of bill
School District	13,500	90.00	\$	1,215	\$ 1,215 36% of bill
Fire District	13,500	5.00	\$	68	Fire Dist. Taxes \$ 68
TOTAL TAX DUE		254.5 mills	\$	3,436	2% of bill

Effective Tax Rate = Tax ÷ T&F Value \$3,436 ÷ \$300,000 = ETR 1.15%



# TAX STATEMENT

Legislative tax relief				
(3-year comparison):	2019	2020	2021	3-year comparisons:
Legislative tax relief	1,363.27	1,367.21	1,364.06	Legislative lax kellet, value, Mill Levy, lax, Elk
Tax distribution (3-year comparison): True and full value Taxable value Less: Homestead credit Disabled Veterans credit Net taxable value	<b>2019</b> 218,300 9,824 0 0 9,824	<b>2020</b> 218,300 9,824 0 0 9,824	<b>2021</b> 218,300 9,824 0 0 9,824	T&F Value Taxable Value: 4.5% of T&F
Ivet taxable value	9,024	9,024	9,024	
Total mill levy	232.900	227.680	236.590	Mill Levy: combined county, city, school, fire, etc.
Taxes By District (in dollars):				
County	560.07	558.79	578.44	
City/Township	360.16	311.03	346.78	
Park	337.06	336.28	336.18	Tax Due to each political subdivision
School (after state reduction)	1,020.90	1,020.81	1,053.04	Tax Doe to each pointai sobarvision
Other 1	9.82	9.82	9.82	
Other 2	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Consolidated tax	2,288.01	2,236.73	2,324.26	→ Net Consolidated Tax Due
Net effective tax rate	1.05%	1.02%	1.06%	► Effective Tax Rate: Tax ÷ T&F Value

# QUESTIONS??



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### (Slide 10) BUDGETS & MILL LEVIES



#### How is the mill levy calculated?

Dollars needed to fund budget (Appropriation + Cash Reserve)	\$ 1,100,000
Revenue to support budget (not property taxes)	( <u>347,500</u> )
Property Taxes needed for General Fund budget	\$ 752,500

Property Taxes needed for General Fund budget	<mark>\$    752,500</mark>
Divided by Taxable Valuation	<mark>÷ 21,500,000</mark>
Mill Rate (\$752,500 ÷ \$21,500,000)	.035
<b>Mill Levy</b> = .035 X 1000	35 mills



### MAXIMUM LEVY WORKSHEET - CALCULATION 1

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Calculation 1 (N.D.C.C. § 57-15 d	listrict lev	vies)					
1. Current year taxable value:		-					
a. Locally assessed:	-						
\$ 21,225,000							
b. Centrally assessed:							
\$ 275.000	2. Maximu including e	m mills provided by la excess levies approv	Levy at max mills (	nills (No. 1 total times No. 2)			
\$ 21,500,000			6	6 <mark>0.00</mark> \$		1,290,000.00	
				Le	vy Limitations		
Current Year Taxable Value: Locally Assessed Value + Centrally Assessed Value	Levy No.	Fund Or Purpose	Ma O	rimum Rate r Amount	Law	Remarks (x) Indicates levies in add. to Gen. Fund (y) Indicates included in general fund if county has consolidated levies	l Lev
Maximum Mills: Levy Limitations Book – most current	(1201)	General or Home Rule or Home Rule	60 Mi	lls	N.D.C.C. § 57-15-06 N.D.C.C. §§ 12.1-01-05; 57-01-02.1	General county purposes. If, for taxable year 20 county levied more than 60 mills for general fum purposes plus other levies consolidated into the fund pursuant to 2015 SB 2144, it may levy the number of mills for taxable year 2016. The num mills in excess of 60 mills must be reduced by 2 percent each year beginning with taxable year 20 that by taxable year 2020, the county is levying more than 60.00 mills for general fund purposes	15, a d genera same ber of 5 017 so no

# MAXIMUM LEVY WORKSHEET CALCULATION 1- (CONT.)

- Current year taxable value
  - Locally assessed
  - Centrally assessed
  - Headquarter county completes worksheet
  - Include values from other counties in the district
- Taxable Value of the Disabled Veterans and Homestead Credit properties are included in mill levy calculations
- Maximum mills provided by law
  - Levy limitations schedule
  - Approved excess

### MAXIMUM LEVY WORKSHEET – CALCULATION 2

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	T	axes Levied Pre	vio	us Years:					
	P	ulled from three	pre	evious years'	MLWs				
		/	4			J			
-	Calculation 2 (N.D.C.C. Section	57-15-01.1 Protec	tion	of Taxpayer	s and Ta	xing Dis	stricts	5)	
	4. Taxes levied in the last three years (	ressed in dollars)							
	a. last year \$ 730,000.00	b. two years ago	\$	725,000.00	c. three ye	ears ago	\$	690,000.00	
	5. Base year (largest 4 a, b, or c)				6. Base ye	ear taxable	value	of taxable &	
	\$ 730,000.00	]			exempt* p	property	\$	19,750,000	
	7. Expired levies in mills	8. Expired temporary levies (No. 6 times		9. Base year taxes (No. 5 minus No. 8)			Exa		
		NO. 7)							- hou
	0.00	\$		-	\$			730,000.00	& re
	0. Calculated mill rate for taxes levied in 11. Taxable value of taxable & exempt* 12. Adjustment for property no longer in				no longer in				
the base year (No.9 ÷ No. 6) property removed since the base year			he base year.	the taxing district (No. 10 times No. 11)					
		\$		13,500	\$			498.96	Exa
	36.96	13. Taxable value of	taxa	ble & exempt*	14. Adjust	tment for p	roperty	y added to the	8 N
		property added since	e the	base year.	taxing dist	trict (No. 1)	) ti <del>me</del> s	No. 13)	
		\$		400,000	\$			14,784.00	
	15. New or increased mills authorized by	the legislature or			16. New mill:	s increase (l	Vo. 1 tot	al times No. 15)	
	electors (xxx.xx) **			0.00	\$			-	
	17. Adjusted base year taxes (No. 9 n	ninus No. 12 plus No	. 14	plus No. 16)	\$			744,285.04	

Example: Demolished house destroyed by fire & removed from property

Example: 2 New Houses & New Apartment Bldg

### MAXIMUM LEVY WORKSHEET CALCULATION 2 (CONT.)

- Base year highest dollar amount of taxes levied the last three years
- Taxable value of the determined base year
  - Taxable property
  - Local discretionary exempt taxable value
    - N.D.C.C. §57-15-01.1(2)(d)
    - Referenced on all instructions
- Expired levies/Calculated mill rate

# MAXIMUM LEVY WORKSHEET CALCULATION 2 (CONT.)

#### • BOX 11: Decreases – identify base year, include appropriate years

• Enter taxable value of taxable and exempt\* property removed from the taxing district since the base year. Examples of reasons why the property no longer exists in the taxing district include the following: destruction of property, demolition, removal of structures or improvements, loss by annexation to another district, wind turbines that convert from a centrally assessed value to assessment as a payment in lieu of property tax. DO NOT include any change in value caused by reassessment, change in classification, change in value made by any board of equalization, or loss in value caused by taxable property becoming exempt.\*

#### • BOX 13: Increases – identify base year, include appropriate years

 Enter taxable value of taxable and exempt\* property added to the taxing district since the base year. Examples of property added include: new construction and property added by annexation.
 DO NOT include any change in value caused by reassessment, change in classification, change in value made by any board of equalization, or increase in value caused by exempt\* property becoming taxable.

### MAXIMUM LEVY WORKSHEET CALCULATION 2 (CONT.)

- Subtract decreases and/or Add increases
- New or increased mills
  - Enter as mills
  - Calculated against the current taxable value
- Adjusted based year
  - Base year decreases, + increases, + new mills increase

### MAXIMUM LEVY WORKSHEET - FINAL CALCULATION

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MAXIMUM LEVY WORKSHEET - For Taxable Year 2019 Page 2								
OFFICE OF STATE TAX COMMISSION		IER						
18. Maximum Levy Authority					Levy Amount			
(greater of Nos. 3 or 17)					1,290,000.00			
Maximum levy calculation (N.D.C.C. § 57-15-01.1)								
19. Max Levy (No. 18)		20.Amount of Levy ce	rtified by district	21. Final levy (lesser of 19 or 20)				
1,290,000.00			752,500.00	752,500.00				
				22. Fund mill rate (No. 21÷ No. 1)				
					35.00			
* Property exempt by	local discretion or cha							
**Increased levy auth	ority may be limited f							
Review specific levy statute. See section 57-15.								

### MAXIMUM LEVY WORKSHEET – FINAL CALCULATION

Maximum levy:

Compares the calculations provided by law Provides largest amount from the calculations

Certified by district: Certified in dollars May amend no later than October 10

Final Levy - cannot be greater than amount certified

# QUESTIONS??



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